

Table 7.4 RHD priority classification and recommended follow-up

RECOMMENDED FOLLOW-UP PLAN †
Specialist review: at least 6 monthly
Echocardiogram: at least 6 monthly
Medical review: at least 6 monthly
Dental review: within 3 months of diagnosis, then 6
monthly Pregnant: See figure 12.1 for care pathway
Specialist review: yearly
Echocardiogram: yearly
Medical review: 6 monthly
Dental review: within 3 months of diagnosis, then yearly
Specialist review: 1-3 yearly
Echocardiogram: children ≤ 21 years: 1-2 yearly, > 21 years: 2-3 yearly
Medical review: yearly
Dental review: yearly
Specialist referral and echocardiogram: 1 year, 3 years and 5 years post cessation of secondary prophylaxis (or
following diagnosis in the case of Borderline RHD not on
secondary prophylaxis) Medical review: yearly until discharge from specialist care and then as required Dental review: yearly or as required

- † Frequency should be tailored to the individual following specialist assessment. All patients should be given influenza vaccine annually and have completed pneumococcal vaccinations as per <u>Australian Immunisation Handbook</u>. Intervals for medical and specialist review and echocardiography are a guide and may vary for specific individuals. Medical and dental reviews may be combined with general health check-up. Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander patients with RHD require endocarditis prevention as indicated.
- ‡ Post-valve surgery risk varies for individuals due to age, type of surgery, recurrence of ARF, adherence with secondary prophylaxis and other factors. The priority category for post-valve surgery patients should be determined by specialist cardiologist/paediatrician/physician.

Reference: RHDAustralia ARF/RHD writing group. *The 2020 Australian guideline for prevention, diagnosis and management of acute rheumatic fever and rheumatic heart disease* (3rd edition) Page 196 (https://www.rhdaustralia.org.au/arf-rhd-guideline)